## Determinants, Paths, and Plane Partitions

Ira M. Gessel, X. V. Viennot (1989 preprint) version of 28 August 2000 Errata by Darij Grinberg

## **Errata**

The following are my comments on specific places in the preprint "**Determinants**, **Paths**, **and Plane Partitions**" by Ira M. Gessel and X. V. Viennot (in its version of 28 August 2000). I have read only parts of the preprint.

- page 2, proof of Theorem 1: Replace the big " $\bigcup_{\pi \in S_k}$ " sign (in the second displayed equation of this proof) by a " $\bigcup_{\pi \in S_k}$ " sign (which stands for an external disjoint union). In fact, the sets  $P(\mathbf{u}, \pi(\mathbf{v})) N(\mathbf{u}, \pi(\mathbf{v}))$  can have nonempty intersection for different permutations  $\pi \in S_k$  when some of the  $v_i$ 's are equal. Thus we must take a disjoint union in order to ensure that each k-path in it "knows" which  $\pi$  it comes from.
- **page 2, proof of Theorem 1:** Before "Then properties (i), (ii), and (iii) are easily verified", I would add the following sentence: "We then define  $\mathbf{A}^*$  (that is, the image of  $\mathbf{A}$  under our bijection) as the k-path  $(A_1^*, A_2^*, \ldots, A_k^*) \in P(\mathbf{u}, \sigma(\mathbf{v}))$ , where  $\sigma = \pi \circ (i, j)$ ." (This should clarify which permutation  $\mathbf{A}^*$  corresponds to when some of the  $v_i$  are equal.)
- **page 2:** You write: "Let us say that a pair  $(\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v})$  of *k*-vertices is *nonpermutable* if  $N(\mathbf{u}, \pi(\mathbf{v}))$  is empty" etc.. Here, "N" should be "N".
- **page 3:** On the first line of this page, replace "for i > 1" by "for  $i \in \{2,3,\ldots,\ell(\lambda)\}$ " (since sufficiently large i would otherwise have to satisfy 0=0+1). Also, this isn't how I would define a skew-hook. Your definition forces the skew hook to start in row 1, which is unlike the standard definition that is used in the Murnaghan-Nakayama rule.
- page 3: On the first line of this page, replace "skew hook" by "skew-hook" (since you later use the hyphenated version).
- **page 3:** In "The plane partition  $(p_{ij})$  is *row-strict* if (3.2) is replaced by  $p_{ij} > p_{i,j+1}$  and column-strictness is defined similarly", replace "(3.2)" by "(3.1)".
- **page 3:** "by reversing all inequalities"  $\rightarrow$  "by reversing the inequalities (3.1) and (3.2)" (not the inequalities  $\mu_i < j \le \lambda_i$ ).

- page 3: I am not sure what "with each row shifted one place to the right in relation to the previous row" means.
- **page 4:** In "and *k*-paths with initial", replace "*k*-paths" by "disjoint *k*-paths".
- page 4: In "Theorem 1 allows us then to count these tableaux", replace "Theorem 1" by "Corollary 2".
- page 4: Add a period after "in all positions on a diagonal".
- page 4: "Then by Theorem 1"  $\rightarrow$  "Then by Corollary 2".
- **page 4:** I think a whitespace is missing in " $|P(u_i, v_j)|_1^k$ , where".
- page 5, Theorem 3: Replace "weights of f(t)" by "weights of f(T)".
- page 5, Corollary 4: Replace "satisfy  $b_{i+1}$ " by "satisfy  $b_{i+1} \ge b_i$ ".
- page 6, Corollary 5: I think the equality sign in "=  $p_{ij}$ " should be removed.
- page 8, third paragraph: "height m and width  $m'' \rightarrow$  "height m and width n''.
- **page 10, §6:** "Now let  $h_n$  be the coefficient"  $\rightarrow$  "Now let  $h_n^*$  be the coefficient".
- page 11, (7.2): Remove the period at the end of (7.2).
- **page 11:** You write: "We prove the generalization of Corollary". What corollary?
- page 11, proof of Theorem 11: Replace "(but  $i \ge 1$ )" by "(but  $i \ge 1$  and  $\mu_i < j$ )".
- **page 13, proof of Theorem 11:** You write: "We leave it to the reader to verify that this involution cancels the unwanted terms in  $s_{\lambda/\mu}^R$ ".

Frankly, some detail would be good at this point, since you have never explained how exactly your arrays correspond to terms in  $s_{\lambda/\mu}^R$  to begin with (and the connection to lattice paths is not clear anymore, since X is an arbitrary semitransitive relation). Here are some words which I think would make the argument clearer:

Let k be the length of  $\lambda$ . For any  $\pi \in S_k$ , let a  $\pi$ -array be an array  $(a_{i,j})$  indexed by pairs (i,j) of integers satisfying  $\mu_i < j \le \lambda_{\pi(i)} - \pi(i) + i$ , and satisfying  $a_{i,j}$  R  $a_{i,j+1}$ . However, if some  $i \le k$  satisfies  $\mu_i > \lambda_{\pi(i)} - \pi(i) + i$ , then we say that there exist no  $\pi$ -arrays. The *weight* of a  $\pi$ -array means the product of  $x_a$  for a ranging over all entries of this array.

We have

$$s_{\lambda/\mu}^R = \sum_{\pi \in S_k} (-1)^{\pi} \cdot (\text{the sum of the weights of all } \pi\text{-arrays})$$

(this follows from the definition of  $s_{\lambda/\mu}^R$  by writing the determinant as a sum over permutations). The involution  $\varepsilon$  cancels unwanted terms in this formula (i.e., those which do not correspond to  $\pi$  being the identity permutation and the  $\pi$ -array being an R-tableau) because it maps any  $\pi$ -array to a  $\pi \circ (i, i+1)$ -array, where i is the row of the earliest failure.

- page 13: You write: "Theorem 12 could easily be generalized to include part restrictions on the rows". I suspect you mean Theorem 11, not Theorem 12, here.
- **page 17, proof of Lemma 18:** In the first displayed equation of this proof, replace " $(a_i)_j$ " by " $(\alpha_i)_j$ ".
- page 18, proof of Lemma 19: You write "and the result follows from 18". Probably you mean "and the result follows from Lemma 18.".